# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2012



# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY

#### CORONADO, CALIFORNIA

#### JUNE 30, 2012

The Coronado Unified School District was established on June 20, 1913. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current fiscal year. The District is currently operating two elementary schools, one middle school, one comprehensive high school, one alternative high school, a preschool program and an adult education program.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Member	Office	Term Expires
Bruce Shepherd	President	December 2014
Dawn Ovrom	Vice President	December 2012
Doug Metz	Clerk	December 2012
Brenda Kracht	Member	December 2014
Ledyard Hakes	Member	December 2014

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Jeffrey P. Felix, Ed.D Superintendent

Randie A. Allen
Associate Superintendent

Richard Erhard Assistant Superintendent Student Services

### FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	13
Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances to the Statement of Activities	15
Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Net Assets	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	44
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	46
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	
Schedule of Instructional Time	48
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	49
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	50
Schedule of Charter Schools	51
Combining Statements – Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	53
Notes to Supplementary Information	54

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	55
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Education	ffect
on Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	57
Independent Auditors' Report on State Compliance	59
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditors' Results	
Financial Statement Findings	62
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	69

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Christy White, CPA

Governing Board

Coronado, California

Coronado Unified School District

Eric J. Hart

Michael Ash, CPA

Erin Sacco Pineda, CPA

#### SAN DIEGO

2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

#### RANCHO CUCAMONGA

8686 Haven Avenue Suite 250 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

#### **ALAMEDA**

1050 Marina Village Parkway Suite 201 Alameda, CA 94501

> tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.cwacpa.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coronado Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Coronado Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coronado Unified School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2012 on our consideration of Coronado Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9, the budgetary comparison information on page 43, and the schedule of funding progress on page 44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coronado Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 11, 2012

### CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **INTRODUCTION**

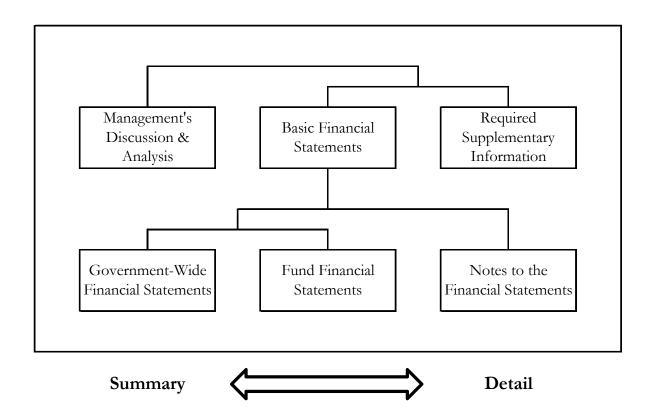
Our discussion and analysis of Coronado Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net assets were \$111,428,830 at June 30, 2012. This was a decrease of \$1,934,738 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$32,498,732 which was less than expenses of \$34,433,470.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Components of the Financials Section



This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Revenue limit funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Assets**

The District's combined net assets were \$111,428,830 at June 30, 2012, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$17,126,489 was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
		2012 2011			N	Net Change		
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	21,663,460	\$	23,589,976	\$	(1,926,516)		
Capital assets		114,588,070		116,795,474		(2,207,404)		
Total Assets		136,251,530		140,385,450		(4,133,920)		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		1,793,161		3,111,635		1,318,474		
Long-term liabilities		23,029,539		23,786,550		757,011		
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		24,822,700		26,898,185		2,075,485		
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		91,363,858		92,769,133		(1,405,275)		
Restricted		2,938,483		14,175,484		(11,237,001)		
Unrestricted		17,126,489		6,418,951		10,707,538		
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$	111,428,830	\$	113,363,568	\$	(1,934,738)		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

	Governmental Activities							
	2012 2011					Net Change		
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	375,378	\$	991,174	\$	(615,796)		
Operating grants and contributions		4,605,821		3,760,747		845,074		
General revenues								
Property taxes		6,169,503		6,049,725		119,778		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		17,839,089		17,007,157		831,932		
Other		3,508,941		6,385,296		(2,876,355)		
<b>Total Revenues</b>	`	32,498,732		34,194,099		(1,695,367)		
EXPENSES						_		
Instruction		17,280,603		16,220,975		1,059,628		
Instruction-related services		3,395,682		3,311,198		84,484		
Pupil services		2,536,022		2,283,694		252,328		
General administration		1,912,094		1,800,285		111,809		
Plant services		3,442,842		2,600,949		841,893		
Ancillary and community services		769,084		340,759		428,325		
Debt service		924,465		1,403,691		(479,226)		
Other Outgo		133,230		57,361		75,869		
Depreciation		4,039,448		3,827,406		212,042		
Other		-		498,113		(498,113)		
Total Expenses		34,433,470		32,344,431		2,089,039		
Change in net assets		(1,934,738)		1,849,668		(3,784,406)		
Net Assets - Beginning		113,363,568		111,513,900		1,849,668		
Net Assets - Ending	\$	111,428,830	\$	113,363,568	\$	(1,934,738)		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### Changes in Net Assets (continued)

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$34,433,470. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$29,452,271 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$4,981,199).

	Total o	cost of services	Net co	ost of services
Instruction	\$	17,280,603	\$	13,761,010
Instruction-related services		3,395,682		3,232,001
Pupil services		2,536,022		1,723,430
General administration		1,912,094		1,753,589
Plant services		3,442,842		3,339,162
Ancillary and community services		769,084		551,780
Debt service		924,465		924,465
Transfers to other agencies		133,230		127,386
Depreciation		4,039,448		4,039,448
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	34,433,470	\$	29,452,271

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$20,656,458, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$21,387,951. The District's General Fund had \$24,381 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2011-12**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval at the noted financial periods to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2011-12 the District had invested \$114,588,070 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities									
		2012		2011	Net Change					
CAPITAL ASSETS										
Land	\$	569,949	\$	569,949	\$	-				
Construction in progress		28,281		809,867		(781,586)				
Land improvements		16,107,401		15,360,229		747,172				
Buildings & improvements		122,792,662		122,142,104		650,558				
Furniture & equipment		3,406,889		2,190,989		1,215,900				
Accumulated depreciation		(28,317,112)		(24,277,664)		(4,039,448)				
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$	114,588,070	\$	116,795,474	\$	(2,207,404)				

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$23,873,536 in long-term debt, a decrease of 3% from last year. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

		Governmental Activities								
	2012 20			2011	N	let Change				
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES										
Total general obligation bonds	\$	13,499,212	\$	14,055,000	\$	(555,788)				
Total certificates of participation		9,725,000		9,970,000		(245,000)				
Capital leases		-		1,341		(1,341)				
Early retirement incentive		296,989		395,986		(98,997)				
Compensated absences		164,362		126,614		37,748				
Net OPEB obligation		187,973		184,561		3,412				
<b>Total Long-term Liabilities</b>	\$	23,873,536	\$	24,733,502	\$	(859,966)				

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

- At the state level, the budget situation continues to reflect challenging economic times. A major key to higher funding for education is the recovery of the economy. There were two tax initiatives on the November 2012 ballot the Governor's Proposition 30 and a rival tax initiative, Proposition 38. Since the Governor's proposal was approved by voters in November 2012, K-12 spending will remain flat at roughly the 2011-12 level. State categorical program flexibility continues for the 2011-12 and 2012-13 fiscal years with no anticipated changes. School districts are currently authorized to use funding from Tier III categorical programs for any purpose. K-3 class size reduction penalties have been relaxed through 2013-14 and school agencies maintain the flexibility to shorten the school year until 2014-15.
- Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2012-13 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Office of the Associate Superintendent, Coronado Unified School District, 201 Sixth Street; Coronado, California 92118.

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	C	Governmental Activities	Discretely Presented Component Unit
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,057,584	\$ 595,130
Investments		-	5,154,695
Accounts receivable		6,367,052	22,392
Inventory		26,919	-
Prepaid expenses		-	13,056
Deferred charges		211,905	-
Capital assets, not depreciated		598,230	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		113,989,840	3,097
Total Assets		136,251,530	5,788,370
LIABILITIES			_
Accrued liabilities		907,764	230,184
Deferred revenue		41,400	-
Other current liabilities		-	333,678
Long-term liabilities, current portion		843,997	-
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		23,029,539	-
Total Liabilities		24,822,700	563,862
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		91,363,858	-
Restricted for			
Capital projects		74,639	-
Debt service		1,088,889	-
Educational programs		1,486,339	-
Permanent endowment		288,616	1,165,233
Unrestricted		17,126,489	4,059,275
Total Net Assets	\$	111,428,830	\$ 5,224,508

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Program	Revenue	s	Re	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Net Assets	Discretely
					Op	erating			Presented
			Cha	rges for	Gra	nts and	Go	overnmental	Component
Function/Programs		Expenses	Se	rvices	Cont	ributions		Activities	Unit
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	17,280,603	\$	-	\$	3,519,593	\$	(13,761,010)	\$ -
Instruction-related services									
Instructional supervision and administration		370,367		-		91,779		(278,588)	-
Instructional library, media, and technology		815,061		-		3,415		(811,646)	-
School site administration		2,210,254		-		68,487		(2,141,767)	-
Pupil services									
Home-to-school transportation		555,132		-		127,624		(427,508)	-
Food services		604,985		358,185		97,254		(149,546)	-
All other pupil services		1,375,905		-		229,529		(1,146,376)	-
General administration									
All other general administration		1,912,094		17,193		141,312		(1,753,589)	-
Plant services		3,442,842		-		103,680		(3,339,162)	-
Ancillary services		330,529		-		1,647		(328,882)	-
Community services		438,555		-		215,657		(222,898)	-
Interest on long-term debt		924,465		-		-		(924,465)	-
Other Outgo		133,230		-		5,844		(127,386)	-
Depreciation (unallocated)		4,039,448		-		-		(4,039,448)	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	34,433,470	\$	375,378	\$	4,605,821		(29,452,271)	
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT						ı			
Program services	\$	838,160	\$	-	\$	-			\$ 838,160
Management and general		66,651		-		-			66,651
Fundraising		94,680		-		-			94,680
Total	\$	999,491	\$	-	\$	-			\$ 999,491
	Gene	ral revenues							
	Tax	es and subvention	ons						
	P	roperty taxes, lev	vied for ge	neral purpos	ses			3,106,032	-
		roperty taxes, lev						1,273,384	-
	P	roperty taxes, lev	ried for otl	ner specific p	ourposes			1,790,087	-
	Fe	ederal and state	aid not res	tricted for sp	ecific pu	rposes		17,839,089	-
	Inte	erest and investn	nent earnir	ngs				113,285	-
	Inte	eragency revenue	es					14,777	-
	Mis	scellaneous						3,380,879	1,164,572
	Subt	otal, General Re	venue					27,517,533	1,164,572
	CHA	NGE IN NET A	SSETS					(1,934,738)	165,081
	Net A	Assets - Beginni	ng					113,363,568	5,059,427
	Net A	Assets - Ending					\$	111,428,830	\$ 5,224,508

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds		(	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,160,824	\$	8,978,400	\$	3,918,360	\$	15,057,584
Accounts receivable		6,323,652		7,809		35,591		6,367,052
Due from other funds		249,792		18,720		236,171		504,683
Stores inventory		-		-		26,919		26,919
Total Assets	\$	8,734,268	\$	9,004,929	\$	4,217,041	\$	21,956,238
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	643,829	\$	77,429	\$	32,439	\$	753,697
Due to other funds		247,081		94,946		162,656		504,683
Deferred revenue		41,400		-		-		41,400
Total Liabilities		932,310		172,375		195,095		1,299,780
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		10,000		-		27,519		37,519
Restricted		975,950		74,601		652,115		1,702,666
Committed		-		-		606,068		606,068
Assigned		1,697,782		8,757,953		2,736,244		13,191,979
Unassigned		5,118,226		-		-		5,118,226
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		7,801,958		8,832,554		4,021,946		20,656,458
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	8,734,268	\$	9,004,929	\$	4,217,041	\$	21,956,238

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 20,656,458
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:  In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net assets, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:  Capital assets  Accumulated depreciation	\$ 142,905,182 (28,317,112)	114,588,070
Unamortized costs:		
In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the governmental-wide statements, debt issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs included in net long-term debt on the statement of net assets are:		211,905
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(154,067)
Long-term liabilities:		
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net assets, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds Total certificates of participation Early retirement incentive Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation	\$ 13,499,212 9,725,000 296,989 164,362 187,973	(23,873,536)

**Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities** 

111,428,830

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES			,			_
Revenue limit sources						
State aid	\$	12,735,641	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,735,641	1
Local sources		3,013,307	-	-	3,013,307	7
Transfers		133,503	-	-	133,503	3
Federal sources		4,040,591	-	96,672	4,137,263	3
Other state sources		3,399,791	-	124,388	3,524,179	9
Other local sources		4,078,495	1,859,520	2,057,229	7,995,244	4
Total Revenues		27,401,328	1,859,520		31,539,137	_
EXPENDITURES	-					_
Current						
Instruction		17,236,545	-	160,648	17,397,193	3
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		369,067	-	2,393	371,460	0
Instructional library, media, and technology		815,061	-	-	815,061	1
School site administration		2,195,264	-	145,433	2,340,697	7
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		555,132	-	-	555,132	2
Food services		75	-	604,910	604,985	5
All other pupil services		1,375,905	-	-	1,375,905	5
General administration						
All other general administration		1,846,142	-	37,023	1,883,165	5
Plant services		2,375,466	941,211	158,736	3,475,413	3
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		5,295	655,908	148,851	810,054	4
Ancillary services		330,529	-	-	330,529	9
Community services		321,228	-	119,021	440,249	9
Debt service						
Principal		-	246,241	475,000	721,241	1
Interest and other		-	415,378	1,284,355	1,699,733	3
Total Expenditures	-	27,425,709	2,258,738		32,820,817	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	-					_
Over Expenditures		(24,381)	(399,218	(858,081)	(1,281,680	0)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	,	•	,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ť
Transfers In		-	-	200,430	200,430	0
Other Sources		-	-	13,837,494	13,837,494	4
Transfers Out		(194,197)	-	(6,233)	(200,430	0)
Other Uses		=	-	(13,287,307	(13,287,307	7)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(194,197)	-	744,384	550,187	<del></del>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(218,578)	(399,218			3)
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,020,536	9,231,772	,	21,387,951	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	7,801,958	\$ 8,832,554	\$ 4,021,946	\$ 20,656,458	8

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	(731,493)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	¢.	072.440	
Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense:	\$	872,449 (4,039,448)	(3,166,999)
Debt service:  In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:			14,301,341
Debt proceeds:			
In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:			(13,499,212)
Debt issue costs:			
In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issue costs recognized in the current period and issue costs amortized for the period is:  Issue costs incurred during the period:  Issue costs amortized for the period:	\$	211,904 (292,693)	(80,789)
Donated capital assets:  In governmental funds, donated capital assets are not reported because they do not affect current financial resources. In the government-wide statements,			
donated capital assets are reported as revenue and as increases to capital assets, at their fair market value on the date of donation. The fair market value of capital			
assets donated was:			959,595

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

224,982

#### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(37,748)

#### Other expenditures relating to prior periods:

Certain expenditures recognized in governmental funds relating to prior periods. Typical examples are payments on structured legal settlements or retirement incentives paid over time. These expenditures are recognized in the government-wide statement of activities in the period in which the obligations were first incurred, so they must not be recognized again in the current period. Expenditures relating to prior periods (describe below) were:

98,997

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(3,412)

#### Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(1,934,738)

# CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency Funds		
	Studer	Student Body Fund	
ASSETS		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	688,409	
Investments		29,655	
Stores inventory		1,242	
Total Assets	\$	719,306	
LIABILITIES			
Due to student groups	\$	719,306	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$	719,306	

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Coronado Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the District to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements that are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component unites or its constituents; and 2) The District or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) such economic resources are significant to the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has one component unit, the Coronado School Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation, a California non-profit public benefit corporation that raises funds for the benefit of the District is presented as a discretely presented component unit in the District's audited financial statements.

Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (Education Code Section 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Special Revenue Funds (continued)**

**Deferred Maintenance Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

**Foundation Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 under which both earnings and principal may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund (Fund 21) are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (Education Code Section 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (Education Code Section 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### **Permanent Funds**

Permanent funds were introduced as part of the governmental financial reporting model established by GASB Statement 34 to account for permanent foundations that benefit an LEA.

**Foundation Permanent Fund.** This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the LEA's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor. Gifts or bequests not covered by a formal trust agreement should be accounted for in the general fund.

#### Fiduciary Funds

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

**Student Body Fund:** The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

All governmental-type activities of the District follow the FASB and AICPA pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash held in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

# Asset Class Buildings

Building Improvements Equipment and Vehicles

#### **Estimated Useful Life**

25-50 years 20 years 3-15 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### Deferred Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Assets (continued)

#### Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

*Unassigned* - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Governmental		Fiduciary	
Funds		Funds	
\$	14,382,184	\$	-
	-		688,409
	664,800		-
	10,600		-
\$	15,057,584	\$	688,409
\$	_	\$	29,656
	\$	Funds \$ 14,382,184	Funds \$ 14,382,184 \$ 664,800 10,600 \$ 15,057,584 \$

#### **B.** Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$14,424,532 and an amortized book value of \$14,382,184. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 370 days.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2012, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAf/S1 by Standard and Poor's.

#### F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2012, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	C	General Fund	Special Res Fund for Ca Outlay Pro	pital	Non-l Govern Fui	mental	 Total vernmental activities
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$	245,100	\$	-	\$	11,334	\$ 256,434
State Government							
Apportionment		4,261,005		-		3,904	4,264,909
Categorical aid		565,532		-		-	565,532
Lottery		152,362		-		-	152,362
Local Government							
Other Local Sources		1,099,653		7,809		20,353	 1,127,815
Total	\$	6,323,652	\$	7,809	\$	35,591	\$ 6,367,052

## **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	1	Balance July 01, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities		,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$	569,949	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 569,949
Construction in progress		809,867	28,281	809,867	28,281
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		1,379,816	28,281	809,867	598,230
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements		15,360,229	747,172	-	16,107,401
Buildings & improvements		122,142,104	650,558	-	122,792,662
Furniture & equipment		2,190,989	1,215,900	-	3,406,889
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		139,693,322	2,613,630	-	142,306,952
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Land improvements		4,677,651	1,048,995	-	5,726,646
Buildings & improvements		18,276,419	2,736,576	-	21,012,995
Furniture & equipment		1,323,594	253,877	-	1,577,471
Total Accumulated Depreciation		24,277,664	4,039,448	-	28,317,112
Governmental Activities	1				
Capital Assets, net	\$	116,795,474	\$ (1,397,537)	\$ 809,867	\$ 114,588,070

## **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

## A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

				Due From (	Other	Funds		
Due To Other Funds	Gene	eral Fund	Fund	cial Reserve I for Capital Iay Projects		Non-Major Sovernmental Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	18,720	\$	228,361	\$	247,081
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Ψ	94,946	Ψ	-	Ψ		4	94,946
Non-Major Governmental Funds		154,846		_		7,810		162,656
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	249,792	\$	18,720	\$	236,171	\$	504,683
Transfer from General Fund to Child Development Fund for prescho	ool suppor	t					\$	39,559
Transfer from General Fund to Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund for s			eedy					87,768
Transfer from General Fund to Foundation Special Revenue Fund fo		* *						102,611
Transfer from General Fund to Special Reserve Fund for Capoital Ou	,			ses				18,720
Transfer from Child Development fund to General Fund for Indirect								37,802
Transfer from Child Development fund to Cafeteria Special Revenue			eals					6,233
Transfer from Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund to General Fund for p	1.1							112,193
Transfer from Foundation Special Revenue Fund to General Fund fo								4,336
Transfer from Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to G	eneral Fun	d for Techma	aster's e	xpenditure				94,946

504,683

## B. Operating Transfers

Transfer from Foundation Permanent Fund to General Fund for costs

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

		Interfund Transfers In			
Interfund Transfers Out		on-Major vernmental Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	194,197	\$	194,197	
Non-Major Fund		6,233		6,233	
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	200,430	\$	200,430	
Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fun	d for expenditures		\$	38,978	
Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for exper	nditures			155,219	
Transfer from the Child Development to the Cafeteria Fund for	expenditures			6,233	
Total			\$	200,430	

## **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

			Special Reserve Fund for Capital	Non-Major Governmental				Total Governmental	
	Ger	neral Fund	Outlay Projects		Funds		District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	231,822	\$ -	\$	12,619	\$	-	\$	244,441
Construction		-	-		-		-		-
Vendors payable		412,007	77,429		19,820		-		509,256
Unmatured interest		-	-		-		154,067		154,067
Total	\$	643,829	\$ 77,429	\$	32,439	\$	154,067	\$	907,764

#### **NOTE 7 – DEFERRED REVENUE**

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2012, consisted of \$41,400 primarily from federal sources.

## **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

		Balance					Balance		Balance Due
	Jι	ıly 01, 2011	Additions Deductions		June 30, 2012			In One Year	
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	14,055,000	\$ 12,100,000	\$	14,055,000	\$	12,100,000	\$	495,000
Unamortized premium		-	1,737,494		-		1,737,494		-
Deferred amount on refunding		-	(338,282)		-		(338,282)		-
Total general obligation bonds		14,055,000	13,499,212		14,055,000		13,499,212		495,000
Certificates of participation		9,970,000	-		245,000		9,725,000		250,000
Capital leases		1,341	-		1,341		-		-
Early retirement incentive		395,986			98,997		296,989		98,997
Compensated absences		126,614	37,748		-		164,362		-
Net OPEB obligation		184,561	3,412		-		187,973		-
Total	\$	24,733,502	\$ 13,540,372	\$	14,400,338	\$	23,873,536	\$	843,997

## A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2012 amounted to \$164,362. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

## B. General Obligation Bonds

Debt service requirements on General Obligation Bonds at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Year Ended	Current							
June 30,		Principal Interest				Total		
2013	\$	495,000	\$	168,073	\$	663,073		
2014		550,000		435,000		985,000		
2015		585,000		424,000		1,009,000		
2016		615,000		412,300		1,027,300		
2017		645,000		400,000		1,045,000		
2018-2022		3,765,000		1,645,850		5,410,850		
2023-2027		5,445,000		783,300		6,228,300		
Total	\$	12,100,000	\$	4,268,523	\$	16,368,523		

## C. Certificates of Participation

Future commitments for certificates of participation at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Year E	nded
--------	------

June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	Total		
2013	\$	250,000	\$ 407,225	\$ 657,225		
2014		260,000	398,619	658,619		
2015		270,000	389,506	659,506		
2016		280,000	379,881	659,881		
2017		285,000	369,816	654,816		
2018-2022		1,610,000	1,671,581	3,281,581		
2023-2027		1,960,000	1,305,656	3,265,656		
2028-2032		2,435,000	817,988	3,252,988		
2033-2037		2,375,000	219,713	2,594,713		
Totals	\$	9,725,000	\$ 5,959,985	\$ 15,684,985		

## NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2012:

	Ge	neral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Non-spendable	-				
Revolving cash	\$	10,000	\$ -	\$ 600	\$ 10,600
Stores inventory		-	-	26,919	26,919
Total non-spendable		10,000	-	27,519	37,519
Restricted					
Educational programs		975,950	-	510,389	1,486,339
Capital projects		-	74,601	38	74,639
All others		-	-	141,688	141,688
Total restricted		975,950	74,601	652,115	1,702,666
Committed					
Other commitments		-	-	606,068	606,068
Total committed		-	-	606,068	606,068
Assigned					
Textbok flex funds		685,093	-	-	685,093
Site carryover		778,689	-	-	778,689
GASB 45 set asside		234,000	-	-	234,000
Capital facilities plan		-	-	1,354,106	1,354,106
Board designated		-	8,757,953	-	8,757,953
Bond sinking fund		-	-	1,088,889	1,088,889
Temporarily restricted		-	-	288,616	288,616
Other Assignments		-	-	4,633	4,633
Total assigned		1,697,782	8,757,953	2,736,244	13,191,979
Unassigned	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Reserve for economic uncertainties		1,319,289	-	-	1,319,289
Remaining unassigned		3,798,937		<u> </u>	3,798,937
Total unassigned		5,118,226	-	-	5,118,226
Total	\$	7,801,958	\$ 8,832,554	\$ 4,021,946	\$ 20,656,458

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### NOTE 10 -POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

## A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District administers a single-employer healthcare plan (the "Plan"). The plan provides health benefits to eligible retirees to age 65.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	36
Active plan members	263
Total*	299
Number of participating employers	1

<sup>\*</sup>As of July 1, 2011 actuarial study

The District provides retiree medical, dental and vision benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents until the retiree turns age 65 or Medicare eligibility, if earlier. Eligibility for certificated employees requires retirements under STRS on or after age 60 with at least 25 years of District eligible service. Eligibility for classified employees requires retirements under PERS on or after age 55 with at least 15 years of District eligible service.

The District will pay for retiree only medical coverage. The District does not provide any financial contribution for coverage beyond age 65. Retirees can elect dependent medical coverage and dental and vision coverage on a self-paid basis. Some past retirees have retired under different provisions or early retirement incentives that may include lifetime benefits and annual caps on benefits.

#### B. Funding Policy

The District's contribution is currently based on a project pay-as-you-go funding method, that is, benefits are payable when due.

As of June 30, 2012, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

## NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 261,631
Interest on net OPEB obligation	9,228
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(12,604)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 258,255
Contributions made	254,843
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	 3,412
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	184,561
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 187,973

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2012 and the preceding two years were as follows:

		Annual				
	OPEB			Net OPEB		
Year Ended June 30,		Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
2012	\$	258,255	99%	\$ 187,973		
2011	\$	253,815	91%	\$ 184,561		
2010	\$	249,814	86%	\$ 160,664		

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	<b>Actuarial Valuation</b>		Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2011	\$	- \$	2,145,302 \$	2,145,302	0% \$	14,739,000	15%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	7/1/2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level-dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	27
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	5.0%
Discount rate	5.0%
Inflation rate	3.0%

#### **NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

## California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

## California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

## **Funding Policy**

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Co	ntribution	Contribution
2011-12	\$	1,050,370	100%
2010-11	\$	994,287	100%
2009-10	\$	1,029,132	100%

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$543,214 to CalSTRS (4.267% of salaries subject to CalSTRS in 2011-12).

## NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

## **Funding Policy**

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2012 was 10.923% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the last three fiscal years were as follows:

			Percent of Required
	Cont	ribution	Contribution
2011-12	\$	410,177	100%
2010-11	\$	392,300	100%
2009-10	\$	376,195	100%

#### **NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

## B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

## C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had no major commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

## NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in one joint venture under joint powers authorities (JPA), the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurance for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

The JPA has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and its financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPA and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the JPA.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			Actual	Variances -	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES						
Revenue limit sources						
State aid	\$	12,799,686 \$	12,799,686	\$ 12,735,641	\$ (64,045)	
Local sources		2,983,148	2,983,148	3,013,307	30,159	
Transfers		171,192	171,192	133,503	(37,689)	
Federal sources		2,538,365	2,541,321	4,040,591	1,499,270	
Other State sources		2,692,553	2,713,253	2,856,659	143,406	
Other local sources		3,743,766	3,791,803	4,072,325	280,522	
Total Revenues		24,928,710	25,000,403	26,852,026	1,851,623	
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries		11,943,200	11,977,149	12,941,739	(964,590)	
Classified salaries		4,163,165	4,163,165	4,231,637	(68,472)	
Employee benefits		5,031,926	5,035,561	5,150,693	(115,132)	
Books and supplies		1,147,660	858,077	1,122,089	(264,012)	
Services and other operating expenditures		3,183,717	3,500,773	3,437,987	62,786	
Capital outlay		38,250	44,152	35,119	9,033	
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		1,347	1,347	-	1,347	
Transfers of indirect costs		(20,143)	(20,143)	(36,687)	16,544	
Total Expenditures		25,489,122	25,560,081	26,882,577	(1,322,496)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(560,412)	(559,678)	(30,551)	529,127	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out		(75,000)	(75,000)	(194,197)	(119,197)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(75,000)	(75,000)	(194,197)	(119,197)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(635,412)	(634,678)	(224,748)	409,930	
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,707,417	6,707,417	6,707,417	-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,072,005 \$	6,072,739	\$ 6,482,669	\$ 409,930	

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- On behalf payments of \$543,214 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the
  amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the
  amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital
  Outlay in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	<b>Actuarial Valuation</b>		Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2011	\$	- \$	2,145,302	\$ 2,145,302	0%	\$ 14,739,000	15%
July 1, 2009	\$	- \$	3,684,369	\$ 3,684,369	0%	\$ 15,344,000	19%
July 1, 2007	\$	- \$	3,257,643	\$ 3,257,643	0%	\$ 17,552,311	24%

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

## NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code, as follows:

	<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>						
	Budget Actual				Excess		
General Fund							
Certificated salaries	\$ 11,977,149	\$	12,941,739	\$	964,590		
Classified salaries	\$ 4,163,165	\$	4,231,637	\$	68,472		
Employee benefits	\$ 5,035,561	\$	5,150,693	\$	115,132		
Books and supplies	\$ 858,077	\$	1,122,089	\$	264,012		

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Impact Aid	84.041	*	2,183,345
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I, Part A, Basic School Support	84.010	14416	\$ 226,700
ARRA - Title I - Part A	84.389	15005	25,441
Subtotal Title I, Part A Cluster			252,141
Title II, Part A, Administrator Training	84.367	14344	2,600
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367A	14341	57,667
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster			
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology, Formula Grants	84.318	14334	252
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	84.386	15019	2,956
Education Technology State Grants Cluster			3,208
Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	5,337
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	8,157
Title V, Part A, Innovative Education Strategies	84.298A	14354	2,050
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	493,455
Part B, Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	21,549
ARRA - Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B	84.391	15003	34,178
ARRA - Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B	84.391	15002	20,884
ARRA - Part B, Preschool Grants	84.392	15000	17,538
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	13682	39,401
Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	196
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			627,201
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	25152	538,642
Advanced Placement Fee Waiver	84.330	14831	4,899
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,685,247
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	96,672
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			96,672
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Students Achieving Through Technology Project	12.030	*	355,344
Total U. S. Department of Defense			355,344
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 4,137,263

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{*}}$  - PCS Number not available or not applicable

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
ELEMENTARY		
Kindergarten	180	179
First through third	577	577
Fourth through sixth	657	656
Seventh through eighth	493	493
Home and hospital	2	2
Special education	22	15
Total Elementary	1,931	1,922
SECONDARY		
Regular classes	1,021	1,019
Continuation education	16	16
Home and hospital	1	1
Special education	31	33
Total Secondary	1,069	1,069
Total ADA	3,000	2,991

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	198	2-83	198	6-87			
		Actual		Minutes	2011-12		
	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Minutes	Reduced	Requirement	Reduced	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	33,120	30,849	36,000	33,600	47,435	175	Complied
Grade 1	46,320	43,144	50,400	47,040	50,310	175	Complied
Grade 2	46,320	43,144	50,400	47,040	50,310	175	Complied
Grade 3	46,320	43,144	50,400	47,040	50,310	175	Complied
Grade 4	48,080	44,783	54,000	50,400	56,405	175	Complied
Grade 5	48,080	44,783	54,000	50,400	56,405	175	Complied
Grade 6	48,080	44,783	54,000	50,400	60,258	175	Complied
Grade 7	48,080	44,783	54,000	50,400	60,258	175	Complied
Grade 8	48,080	44,783	54,000	50,400	60,258	175	Complied
Grade 9	48,080	44,783	64,800	60,480	64,655	175	Complied
Grade 10	48,080	44,783	64,800	60,480	64,655	175	Complied
Grade 11	48,080	44,783	64,800	60,480	64,655	175	Complied
Grade 12	48,080	44,783	64,800	60,480	64,655	175	Complied

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	20	13 (Budget)	2012	2011	2010
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	24,046,190 \$	26,852,026	\$ 25,925,258	\$ 24,779,747
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		26,850,504	27,076,774	25,424,900	25,658,018
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,804,314) \$	(224,748)	\$ 500,358	\$ (878,271)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	3,678,355 \$	6,482,669	\$ 8,020,536	\$ 6,215,719
Available Reserves*	\$	1,263,132 \$	3,798,936	\$ 6,921,572	\$ 6,205,719
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		4.70%	14.03%	27.22%	24.19%
Long-term Debt	\$	23,029,539 \$	23,873,536	\$ 24,733,502	\$ 24,966,922
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		3,000	3,000	2,980	2,985

The General Fund balance has increased by \$266,950 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2012-13 budget projects a further decrease of \$2,804,314. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2012-13 fiscal year. Total long term obligations have decreased by \$1,093,386 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 15 ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during the 2012-13 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve for Other than Capital Outlay Fund, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Ge	neral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects		
June 30, 2012, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$	6,482,669	\$	1,319,289	
Adjustments and reclassifications:					
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:					
Fund balance transfer (GASB54)		1,319,289		(1,319,289)	
Net adjustments and reclassifications		1,319,289		(1,319,289)	
June 30, 2012, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	7,801,958	\$	-	

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

No Charter schools are chartered by Coronado Unified School District.						

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Child						Foundation								Non-Major
	Adu	lt Education	Developme	ıt			Deferred	Sp	ecial Revenue	Ca	pital Facilities	County School	E	Bond Interest &	Foundation	(	Governmental
		Fund	Fund		Cafeteria Fund	Mair	ntenance Fund		Fund		Fund	<b>Facilities Fund</b>	Re	edemption Fund	Permanent Fund	i	Funds
ASSETS																	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	531	\$ 1,8	71	\$ 9,210	\$	759,412	\$	424,292	\$	1,345,223	\$ 38	\$	1,088,889	\$ 288,89	94 \$	3,918,360
Investments																	
Accounts receivable		-	3,2	78	13,283		698		9,187		8,883	-		-	26	52	35,591
Due from other funds		-	39,5	59	94,001		-		102,611		-	-		-		-	236,171
Stores inventory		-		-	26,919		-		-		-	-		-		-	26,919
Total Assets	\$	531	\$ 44,7	08	\$ 143,413	\$	760,110	\$	536,090	\$	1,354,106	\$ 38	\$	1,088,889	\$ 289,15	6 \$	4,217,041
LIABILITIES																	
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	73	\$ 3,701	\$	12,885	\$	15,155	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2	25 \$	32,439
Due to other funds		-	44,0	35	112,193		-		5,913		-	-		-	51	.5	162,656
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		-	44,7	08	115,894		12,885		21,068		-	-		-	54	10	195,095
FUND BALANCES																	
Non-spendable		-		-	27,519		-		-		-	-		-		-	27,519
Restricted		-		-	-		141,688		510,389		-	38		-		-	652,115
Committed		531		-	-		605,537		-		-	-		-		-	606,068
Assigned		-		-	-		-		4,633		1,354,106	-		1,088,889	288,63	.6	2,736,244
Total Fund Balances		531		-	27,519		747,225		515,022		1,354,106	38		1,088,889	288,63	.6	4,021,946
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balance</b>	\$	531	\$ 44,7	08	\$ 143,413	\$	760,110	\$	536,090	\$	1,354,106	\$ 38	\$	1,088,889	\$ 289,15	6 \$	4,217,041

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

											Non-Major
		Child Development	044 : 5 1		Foundation Special	D E .	Capital Facilities	County School	Bond Interest &	Foundation	Governmental
REVENUES	Fund	Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Maintenance Fund	Revenue Fund	Building Fund	Fund	Facilities Fund	Redemption Fund	Permanent Fund	Funds
			04 450								0.4.470
Federal sources	-	-	96,672	=	=	=	-	-	-	=	96,672
Other State sources	-	115,794	4,845	-	-	-	-	-	3,749		124,388
Other local sources	2		375,731	3,699	299,815	-	104,200	-	1,272,299	1,359	2,057,229
Total Revenues	2	115,918	477,248	3,699	299,815	-	104,200	-	1,276,048	1,359	2,278,289
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Instruction	-	158,802	-	-	=	-	=	-	=	1,846	160,648
Instruction-related services											
Instructional supervision and adm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,393	2,393
School site administration	-	14,990	-	-	130,443	-	-	-	-	-	145,433
Pupil services											
Food services	-	=	604,910	-	-	-	=	-	=	=	604,910
General administration											
All other general administration	-	7,651	29,036	-	-	-	336	-	-	-	37,023
Plant services	-	-	-	18,112	105,928	-	34,696	-	-	-	158,736
Facilities acquisition and maintenance	: -	-	-	68,190	-	-	80,661	-	-	-	148,851
Community services	-	-	-	-	119,021	-	-	-	-	-	119,021
Debt service											
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	475,000	-	475,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	550,187	-	-	734,168	-	1,284,355
Total Expenditures	-	181,443	633,946	86,302	355,392	550,187	115,693	V-	1,209,168	4,239	3,136,370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	2	(65,525)	(156,698)	(82,603)	(55,577)	(550,187)	(11,493)	=	66,880	(2,880)	(858,081)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			, ,		, ,	, , ,	, , ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>
Transfers In	-	38,978	161,452	-	=	-	=	=	. <u>-</u>	Ē	200,430
Other Sources	-	· =		-	=	13,837,494	=	=		Ē	13,837,494
Transfers Out	-	(6,233)	-	-	-	-	=	=		-	(6,233)
Other Uses	-	-	-	-	_	(13,287,307)	_	-		-	(13,287,307)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		32,745	161,452	_	_	550,187	_	-		-	744,384
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2		4,754	(82,603)	(55,577)	=	(11,493)	-	66,880	(2,880)	(113,697)
Fund Balance - Beginning	529		22,765	829,828	570,599	-	1,365,599	38		291,496	4,135,643
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 531	,				\$ -			\$ 1,088,889		

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**JUNE 30, 2012** 

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and* Non-*Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirements, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code Section* 46201. For 2011-12, the instructional day and minute requirements have been reduced pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 46201.2 and 46201.3.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

## **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

#### **Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds**

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration. (Located in the front of the audit report)

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Coronado Unified School District Coronado, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coronado Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Management of Coronado Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coronado Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coronado Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coronado Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Christy White, CPA

Eric J. Hart

Michael Ash, CPA

Erin Sacco Pineda, CPA

SAN DIEGO 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219

San Diego, CA 92108

RANCHO CUCAMONGA

8686 Haven Avenue Suite 250 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

**ALAMEDA** 

1050 Marina Village Parkway Suite 201 Alameda, CA 94501

> tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.cwacpa.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as items #2012-01 through #2012-05 that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coronado Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Coronado Unified School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Coronado Unified School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 11, 2012



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Coronado Unified School District Coronado, California

## **Compliance**

We have audited Coronado Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Coronado Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Coronado Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Coronado Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coronado Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coronado Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Coronado Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Christy White, CPA

Eric J. Hart

Michael Ash, CPA

Erin Sacco Pineda, CPA

SAN DIEGO 2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219

San Diego, CA 92108

RANCHO CUCAMONGA

8686 Haven Avenue Suite 250 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

**ALAMEDA** 

1050 Marina Village Parkway Suite 201 Alameda, CA 94501

> tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.cwacpa.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

## **Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Coronado Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coronado Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coronado Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses* as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California

Christy White Ossociates

December 11, 2012



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Coronado Unified School District Coronado, California

We have audited Coronado Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K* – 12 *Local Education Agencies* 2011-12, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants listed below is the responsibility of Coronado Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Coronado Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K – 12 Local Education Agencies 2011-12*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coronado Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Coronado Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations referred to above.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Coronado Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

DROCEDURES IN

DDOCEDLIDEC

PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	No
Continuation Education	10	No
Instructional Time for:		
School Districts	6	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable
Instructional Materials, general requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes

Christy White, CPA

Eric J. Hart

Michael Ash, CPA

Erin Sacco Pineda, CPA

## SAN DIEGO

2727 Camino Del Rio South Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

#### RANCHO CUCAMONGA

8686 Haven Avenue Suite 250 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91<u>730</u>

#### ALAMEDA

1050 Marina Village Parkway Suite 201 Alameda, CA 94501

> tel: 619.270.8222 fax: 619.260.9085 www.cwacpa.com

Licensed by the California
State Board of Accountancy

	PROCEDURES IN	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	AUDIT GUIDE	PERFORMED
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Public Hearing Requirement - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes
Class Size Reduction (including in charter schools):		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option One	3	Yes
Option Two	4	Not Applicable
Districts or charter schools with only one		
school serving K - 3	4	Not Applicable
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General requirements	4	Not Applicable
After school	5	Not Applicable
Before school	6	Not Applicable
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance; for charter		
schools	3	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	1	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;		
for charter schools	15	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based		
Instruction; for charter schools	3	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based; for		
charter schools	4	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study and Continuation Education because they were not material.

In our opinion, Coronado Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2012. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with the *Standards and Procedures for Audits for California K-12 Local Education Agencies* 2011-12 and which are reported in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as finding #2012-06.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California December 11, 2012

Christy White Ossociates

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

## Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:		Onquamica
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes
Non-compliance material to financial states	nants natad?	No
Non-compliance material to imalicial states	ments noted:	110
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are require	red to be reported in accordance	-
with section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-13	33?	No
Identification of major programs:		
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program of Cluster	
84.410	Education Jobs Fund	_
84.027, 84.391, 84.173, 84.392, 84.391,	Individuals with Disabilities Education	
84.173A		
04.17JA	Act (IDEA) Cluster, including ARRA	_
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	en Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No
		-
STATE AWARDS		
Internal control over state programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliar	Unqualified	

61

## **FIVE DIGIT CODE**

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

## **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

## FINDING #2012-1 INTERNAL CONTROL OVER PAYROLL (30000)

**Criteria:** Best practice is to obtain prior departmental approval before the employees work any type of overtime.

**Condition:** Through inquiry with the Payroll Technician it was determined that sites and departments do not obtain prior approval for overtime and there are no mitigating controls to ensure the budget is not exceeded.

**Cause:** The District form for prior approval for overtime is not being used.

**Effect:** Without prior approval, unallowable overtime costs may be incurred.

**Recommendations:** We recommend that sites and departments use the Request for Overtime Form to approve overtime in advance.

**District Response:** In January of 2012, the Associate Superintendent developed a Business Services Quick Start Guide. The comprehensive procedure guide is available on the Web. The Request for Overtime Form is included in the appendix. In addition, the guide is updated annually and training is provided. The Associate Superintendent will follow up with Administrators and Human Resources to ensure that the forms are completed.

## Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

#### FINDING #2012-2 INTERNAL CONTROL OVER CASH DISBURSEMENTS (30000)

**Criteria:** The District should create purchase orders for cash disbursements prior to the purchase of items, to ensure that proper budgeting tracking occurs and proper approvals are obtained.

**Condition:** Three (3) of 44 cash disbursements selected for testing had purchase orders dated after invoice dates, signifying the approval was not obtained in advance of the purchase.

- 1. New Horizons Computer Check #12-01507, \$2,850, 2/10/12
- 2. Follett Software Co Check # 12-950702, \$9,232.0, 8/30/11
- 3. San Diego Refrigeration Check #12-003572, \$6,737.35, 1/23/12

Cause: An internal control weakness exists with regards to the implementation of purchasing internal controls.

**Perspective/Context:** Basing on 2010-2011 financials, vendor cash disbursements constitute 26% (\$6,383,190 out of \$25,329,556) of expenditures. Thus, proper controls are necessary to ensure that purchases are pre-approved and appropriate for district's use.

**Effect:** For the exceptions noted, funds are not encumbered in the District budgeting process prior to the purchase and verification of budget.

## **ADA Impact:** N/A

**Recommendations:** We recommend that the District ensure all employees are notified about and adhere to District policies for purchasing goods and services. Purchase orders should be generated for all purchases, including procurement of construction, maintenance, and consulting services.

**District Response:** In January of 2012, the Associate Superintendent developed a Business Services Quick Start Guide. The comprehensive procedure guide is available on the Web. Purchasing procedures are found on page 33 of the guide. In addition, the guide is updated annually and purchasing training was provided on June 13, 2012. Additional follow-up regarding purchasing procedures will be conducted throughout the year.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

#### FINDING #2012-3 INTERNAL CONTROL OVER CASH RECEIPTS (30000)

**Criteria:** Best practice is to have different people: receive and deposit cash, record cash payments to receivable records, reconcile cash receipts to deposits and the general ledger, and bill for goods and services.

Condition: We observed two areas where segregation of duties is needed over cash receipts. We audited the Coronado Unified School District BBMAC Pool for proper internal control procedures over cash receipts. The Director processes the payment from start to finish and there is no review from an independent person. The Director collects, processes, enters the information into the system, and prepares the deposit. We audited the Coronado Unified School District Child Care Program (CCP) for proper internal control procedures over cash receipts. The Director of Child Care processes the payment from start to finish and there is no review from an independent person. The Director of Child Care collects, processes, enters the information into the system, and prepares the deposit.

**Cause:** There is not enough staff in the office to properly segregate the duties.

**Perspective/Context:** The pool generates around \$270,000 a year in revenue. The District runs four different Child Care programs at three sites that generate around \$200,000 a year in revenue.

**Effect:** The potential consequences if duties are not separated are concealed errors or irregularities going unchecked, lost or stolen cash receipts and an inaccurate application of cash receipts to department accounts.

**Recommendations:** We recommend somebody at the District level review the invoice/ contract log monthly that is prepared by the Director of the BBMAC pool and match to amounts received. For child care, we recommend somebody at the District level review the cash receipts including reconciling billing to actual site attendance.

**District Response:** As stated in the cause, the District does not have enough staff to properly segregate duties. However, the District will ensure that the Accountant reconciles the BBMAC and the Child Care Program cash receipts to the appropriate source documents. In addition, the District is actively investigating e-commerce for integrated one-stop website purchases of services and supplies by community and staff. The technology provides standardization while facilitating efficient and effective procedures.

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings (continued)**

#### FINDING #2012-4 INTERNAL CONTROL OVER CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS (30000)

**Criteria:** The District should maintain and enforce credit card policies that contain procedures for proper approvals and uses.

**Condition:** The policies currently in place regarding usage of credit cards are not effective to ensure that deadlines for submitting proper expenditure support (i.e. receipts) are met and prior approvals for purchases are obtained.

Cause: Policies in place are not adequately designed or implemented.

**Effect:** Without proper policies in place, there is a risk of fraud or abuse of District assets.

ADA Impact: N/A

**Recommendations:** We recommend that the following policies be established and implemented regarding the usage of District credit cards:

- Receipts for credit card purchases should be turned in timely for Accounting department records, with accompanying explanation for the reason of the expenditure.
- Prior approvals for credit card purchases over a specified dollar amount (i.e., \$500).

**District Response:** Credit card transactions are infrequent. Current controls include approval of credit card transactions by the Associate Superintendent subsequent to purchases. The District will develop the recommended policy.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

#### FINDING #2012-5 ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000)

#### Coronado Middle School

Criteria: Good internal controls in ASB are a plan to: safeguard assets, insure accuracy and reliability of records, and insure adherence to managerial policies and state and federal law. The site should be able to provide and maintain adequate supporting documentation for cash disbursement and receipt transactions. All monies should be receipted intact and transmitted to the ASB secretary and then transmitted intact to the District Depository/Bank.

**Condition:** We audited the student body funds at the middle school site for internal control procedures over: cash disbursements, cash receipts, inventory, and minutes of meetings. We found that there is:

- Lack of adequate backup on cash receipts
- Bank deposits cannot be reconciled to cash receipts
- Expenditures are lacking proper approval; student, Principal, advisor
- Evidence of receipts of goods is lacking
- There were no Minutes of Student Council meetings provided
- Revenue Potentials are not prepared
- ASB Bookkeeper is also a signer on the account

**Cause:** It appears the ASB clerk is working with new staff and is also trying to catch up on paperwork since she missed some time due to illness. She is currently working on establishing and enforcing procedures.

**Perspective/Context:** The District's Associated Student Body (ASB) has collected a total of \$113,000 year-to-date. Districts may use ASB funds for optional and non-curricular activities that are cultural, athletic, recreational or social in nature, or to otherwise support the activities and programs of ASBs.

**Effect:** Without adequate monitoring and other internal controls over cash receipts and cash disbursements, money and/or inventory can be lost without detection and without the District being able to determine who was responsible. Further, the District lacked adequate documentation to allow us to determine the full extent of potential losses.

**Recommendations:** We recommend that staff that handle student funds be reminded of the importance of good internal controls and documentation mainly for cash receipts and proper approval of expenditures.

**District Response:** In January of 2012, the Associate Superintendent developed a Business Services Quick Start Guide. The comprehensive procedure guide is available on the Web. Page 2 of the guide lists the annual workshops for staff. An ASB workshop is scheduled for mid-March. In addition, the ASB Bookkeeper has a copy of the FCMAT Associated Student Body Accounting Manual. The District Accountant will schedule quarterly meetings with the ASB Bookkeeper to review the manual. The District will remove the ASB Bookkeeper as a signor on the account.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

#### FINDING #2012-5 ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000) (continued)

#### Coronado High School

Criteria: Good internal controls in ASB are a plan to: safeguard assets, insure accuracy and reliability of records, and insure adherence to managerial policies and state and federal law. The site should be able to provide and maintain adequate supporting documentation for cash disbursement and receipt transactions. All monies should be receipted intact and transmitted to the ASB secretary and then transmitted intact to the District Depository/Bank.

**Condition:** We audited the student body funds at the middle school site for internal control procedures over: cash disbursements, cash receipts, inventory, and minutes of meetings. We found that there is:

- Lack of adequate backup on cash receipts (example: copies of checks received)
- Bank deposits cannot be reconciled to cash receipts
- Expenditures are lacking proper approval; student, Principal, advisor
- Evidence of receipts of goods is lacking
- Revenue Potentials are not prepared for major fundraisers/events
- ASB Bookkeeper is also a signer on the account

**Cause:** It appears the ASB clerk is working with new staff and is also trying to catch up on paperwork since she missed some time due to illness. She is currently working on establishing and enforcing procedures.

**Perspective/Context:** The District's Associated Student Body (ASB) has collected a total of \$770,000 year-to-date. Districts may use ASB funds for optional and non-curricular activities that are cultural, athletic, recreational or social in nature, or to otherwise support the activities and programs of ASBs.

**Effect:** Without adequate monitoring and other internal controls over cash receipts and cash disbursements, money and/or inventory can be lost without detection and without the District being able to determine who was responsible. Further, the District lacked adequate documentation to allow us to determine the full extent of potential losses.

**Recommendations:** We recommend that staff that handle student funds be reminded of the importance of good internal controls and documentation mainly for cash receipts and proper approval of expenditures.

**District Response:** In January of 2012, the Associate Superintendent developed a Business Services Quick Start Guide. The comprehensive procedure guide is available on the Web. Page 2 of the guide lists the annual workshops for staff. An ASB workshop is scheduled for mid-March. In addition, the ASB Bookkeeper has a copy of the FCMAT Associated Student Body Accounting Manual. The District Accountant will schedule quarterly meetings with the ASB Bookkeeper to review the manual. The District will remove the ASB Bookkeeper as a signor on the account.

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

## FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs over federal awards for fiscal year 2011-12.

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
41000	CalSTRS
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

Section IV – State Award Finding and Questioned Costs

#### FINDING #2012-6 ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING (10000)

**State Funding Source:** Revenue Limit ADA.

**Criteria:** Absence notes and other source documents of attendance should be correctly posted to the District's attendance system per Education Code Section 46000 et seq.

**Condition:** Through our testing of the school site's attendance record keeping, we noted the following internal control deficiencies:

Coronado High School

• 2 out of 20 students tested to the above the above procedures had discrepancies between the attendance register and the teacher signed roster causing ADA to be overstated.

**Cause:** The incidents appear to be isolated, and therefore the cause is unknown.

**Effect:** The District overstated 2 days of attendance, which appears to be isolated and very minor. The District then made the requested changes and revised P-2. Based on their follow-up work, we were able to conclude the correction action was taken and ADA was materially correct.

**ADA Impact:** The District's 2011-12 P-2 report was overstated by the 2 pupils attendance for 2 days. Given 175 days in the 2011-12 P-2 attendance period and a 2011-12 base revenue limit per ADA of \$6,373.85, the fiscal impact of the ADA overstatement is \$72.84. No further ADA impact noted

**Recommendation:** We recommend that P2 be revised to accurately reflect the discrepancy found above. Signed teacher rosters should be routinely reviewed to assure they are accurately reflecting the correct attendance for the period presented in the report.

**District Response:** In January of 2012, the Associate Superintendent developed a Business Services Quick Start Guide. The comprehensive procedure guide is available on the Web. Page 2 of the guide lists the annual workshops for staff. An Attendance workshop was conducted by our auditor on October 9, 2012. Site staff will also be attending the CASBO workshop in January 2013. The District revised the P2 report.

## CORONADO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no findings for fiscal year 2010-11.